

Mathematics for Computer Graphics

Geometric Transformations in the Plane

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The most efficient language in computer geometry and graphics is provided by vector algebra. With this instrumentarium, we can solve problems with coordinate system transformations, affine transformations, projective transformations in the plane and 3D-space. We use matrices and calculations with matrices to represent and transform geometric objects (points, lines, figures) by shearing, rotation, scaling, reflection (symmetry, mirroring), and translation. By these transformations, we can manipulate shapes to create new ones, and we can also express relationships between coordinate systems in a virtual world. To transform a shape (a figure, a surface), we only need to transform its defining vertices.

Bibliography

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